



Making
Cities
Work

MALI

Capital: Bamako

(2000)

Largest City: Bamako 1,114,000

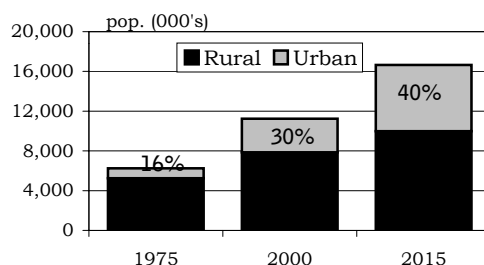
Urban Profile

2000 Population	11.2 m. illon
10-year Avg. Annual Pop. Growth	2.5%
GDP (2000)	\$9.1 billion
GDP per capita	\$810
GDP growth	4.8%
GNI per capita (2000)	\$240
World Bank Classification	Low Income
Population Below Poverty Line	*



Urban Population

3,375,000
lived in
urban areas
in 2000.



Annual Growth
Rates (2000-2015)

Urban 4.5%
Rural 1.6%

City Sizes	# of cities
10 million +	
5-9.9 m	
2.5 - 4.9 m	
.75-2.49 m	1

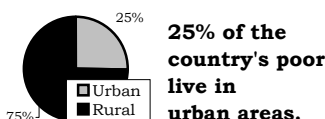
Urban Migration Trends

There has long been significant circular migration within Mali, as farmers leave their homes after the harvest for nearby cities to work, and return again.

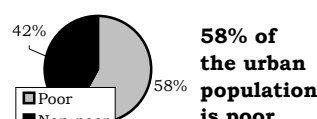
Urban Poverty

1,957,500
urban dwellers
were below the
poverty line.

POVERTY IN MALI



URBAN POVERTY



Income Inequality

(wealthiest 20% divided by poorest 20%)

Nation ('94)	12.2
Bamako ('93)	n/a

Economy & Employment

(Country) Sector	GDP (1998)	Employment (1990)
Agriculture	46%	86%
Industrial	21%	2%
Services	33%	12%

UNEMPLOYMENT

Nation *

UNEMPLOYMENT. Unemployment in the urban areas is nearly seventy percent. Until recently, university graduates in Mali were virtually guaranteed government employment. However, with crushing budget deficits and the implementation of a structural adjustment program, the Malian government has essentially ceased hiring any new personnel.

Decentralization

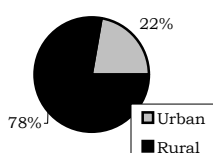
Sample Urban Area: Bamako, pop. 1.1 million

(UNCHS - HABITAT, 1998)

Able to set none of local tax levels	Able to choose n/a contractors for projects
Able to set none of user charges	Funds transfer is known in advance
Able to borrow some of funds	Central government cannot remove local govt. officials

Infrastructure & Basic Services

877,500
urban dwellers
lack water supply.

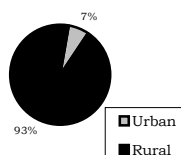


22% of people
without water
supply live in
urban areas.

Population without Water Supply in 2000

	(000's)	% of rel. pop.
Urban	878	26%
Rural	3,065	39%
Total	3,943	35%

236,250
urban dwellers
lack sanitation
coverage.



7% of people
without sanitation
coverage live in
urban areas.

Pop. without Sanitation Coverage in 2000

	(000's)	% of rel. pop.
Urban	236	7%
Rural	3,301	42%
Total	3,537	31%

Health

First and Second Quintile of Income Distribution

	Urban Poorest	Rural Poorest	Urban Poor	Rural Poor	National Average
Under 5 yrs.-old. mortality rate (per 1,000 births, 1998)	(257.4)	300	(279.4)	284	252.2
Children severely underweight (under 3 yrs.-old)	(31.7%)	20.9%	15.8%	18.5%	16.5%

Crime

Secondary source data are not available.